omission/commission. Complaints/representations from aggrieved parties are dealt by these cells.

Statement

Government package for rehabilitation of land losers of Sonepur Bazari Project of E.C.L.

Details of Government package circulated on 31.5.90 for rehabilitation of Sonepur Bazari Project land oustees are as under:

(a) 200 jobs in the unskilled categories and 100 jobs in the semi-skilled categories (300 jobs in all) will be kept reserved for the land oustees of the Sonepur Bazari Project.

(b) Suitable vocational training facility would be provided to the land loser to up grade their skills for employment in other categories of jobs in the project, on a preferential basis.

(c) Alternative house site with suitable infrastructure will be provided to all evictee families. Each evictee family would be paid shifting allowance upto Rs. 2000/- and lump-sum grant of Rs. 5000/- towards housing.

(d) Cash compensation for the land to be acquired will be deposited with the District Administration in advance so that there is no delay in payment of compensation to the land owning displaced families.

(e) Families which are not beneficiaries of employment for one of their member, would be paid subsistence allowance at the following rates:

(i)	To families losing land upto one acre	at the rate of Rs. 300/- per month plus an exgratia amount of Rs. 100/- per month per family.
(ii)	Families losing above one acre	Rs. 300/- per month per acre, subject to a maximum of Rs. 1000/- per month plus an exgratia amount of Rs. 100/- per month per family

The amount of subsistence allowance at the rates stated above, would be capitalised on a twenty years basis and placed at the disposal of the State Government of West Bengal for disbursement to the land oustees.

Staff in Marketing Cell of CIL

2019. NILOTPAL BASU: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) the present number of staff in the Marketing Cell of CIL;

(b) how many of them are working in the same office/cell for more than two years; and

(c) why they have not been transferred to some other offices of CIL in order to curb the growing menace of corruption?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) and (b) 407 staff and 90 executives are currently working in the Marketing cell of CIL. Out of them 405 staff and 66 executives are working there for more than two years.

(c) Transfer policy of CIL does not provide for transfer of staff and executives posted in the Marketing Cell after completion of two years. Their transfer is carried out as per the provisions of the Company's transfer policy according to which the staff posted in the Marketing Cell of CIL do not come under the purview of sensitive postings and are not subject to regular transfer. Executives working in a place for more than ten years in the same capacity or different capacities or for five years in a post identified to be sensitive are considered for transfer. 10 per cent of such identified executives are transferred in a year.

Demand and supply of soft coke

2020 SHRI NILOTPAL BASU: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) the gap between the demand and sup[illegible]

(b) the total amount of soft coke coal imported during the last three years and the amount spent in dollar terms; and

(c) why is technology developed by CFRI not encouraged by CIL?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) Production of soft cock is only assessed. CIL has appointed M/s. Operation Research Group Calcutta to conduct survey on "Consumer Profile and Utilisation of Soft Coke" in West Bengal and Bihar. The study conducted by the above mentioned Operation Group concluded that a high level of satisfaction exists in Bihar and West Bengal with the supply of soft coke.

(b) Import of coal is made under Open General Licence (OGL) and import is not made by the Government or the coal companies. Import of coal including cokes etc. are made by the consumers themselves considering their needs and exercising their own commercial judgement. As per the statistics made available by the Directorate General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta a total quantity 13.68 million tonnes was imported into the country in 1995-96 which includes coals, coke, semi/coke of coal/other cokes of coal/hard coke etc. No separate detail is available regarding import of soft coke.

(c) Coal India Limited have intimated that the technology developed by CFRI is being treated at par with similar technologies for domestic fuel developed the other agencies.

Seminar on 'coal industry-New Approaches'

2021. SHRI AKHILESH DAS: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether a seminar on 'Coal Industry-New Approaches' was recently organised in New Delhi;

(b) if so, the broad features of the mi

(c) whether Government propose to introduce a Bill to widen the scope of private sector participation in the coal industry; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Thirty six individuals were invited to participate in the seminar. The Secretaries to Government of India in the concerned Ministries, the Chairmen of Coal India Limited, Singareni Collieries Company Limited and Nevveli Lignite Corporation, the Principal Associations of Commerce and Industry and the companies for whom blocks for captive coal mining have been identified. were the participants. The major objective was to elicit views on improving production, marketing, access to investment finance and to suggest measures to reduce procedural bottlenecks.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The Bill seeks to amend Section 3 of the Coal Mines (Nationalisation) Act, 1973 to allow the Indian companies in the public and private sector to mine coal and lignite without the existing restriction of mining for captive consumption for power generation, iron and steel production and cement production.

कोयले की खपत तथा उस का उत्पादन

2022. प्रो० विजय कुमार मल्होत्रा : क्या कोयला मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करें कि :

(क) भारत में कोयले की खपत कितनी है तथा उसका उत्पादन कितना है ;

(ख) भारत में कोयले का अनुमानित भण्डार कितना है ;

(ग) प्रतिवर्ष कितने कोयले का आयात किया जाता है; और